Marginatocereus Marginatus

Pachycereus marginatus



Origin and Habitat: Central Mexico (San Luis Potosí, Querétaro, Guanajuato, Mexico D.F Hidalgo, Oaxaca). Cuttings from Stenocereus marginatus are widely used as barriers, often becoming living fences, and it is so widely used throughout Mexico that its geographic origin is uncertain.

Common Names include:

ENGLISH: Central Mexico Organ Pipe, Mexican Fence

Post Cactus, Organ Cactus

SPANISH (Español): Jarritos, Organo, Chilayo

Description: Upright and clumping, stiff and imposing, columnar cactus with unbranched stems from the base. In the wild it grows up to 15 m in height, cultivated, it is columnar, up to 4 m tall or more.

Stems: Erected, basally branching to 5-10(-20) cm thick, dark green. The epidermis surface is slightly rough to the feel, like sandpaper.

Ribs: 5 to 7 (or more), 2 cm high.

Areoles: White, glandular, mostly about 1cm apart, confluent forming an uninterrupted longitudinal line.

Spines: 1 yellowish central spine up to 1 cm long. 5-9(14) short radials. The spines are longer in the juvenile specimens, while are very short in the mature branches.

Flowers: Pink to greenish, up to 2 in each areole, 3 to 4 cm inches long.

Blooming season: Spring.

Fruit: Spiny, yellowish to reddish, up to 4 cm in diameter, and rather dry in late spring to early summer. The many seeds are black.

